Summary

Subject matter: Political conflicts in Latin America in the mid-40s – 70s of the 20th century: interpretation of general trends and distinguishing features.

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Topicality of the research: the Latin American countries are the trade and economic partners of the Russian Federation, many of them regard Russia as a strategic partner in their counteraction to the US expansion. On the basis of this fact the study of the specificities of the development of the Latin American region (i.e. the countries of South America and Mexico) assumes great significance. Especially this concerns the analysis of the historical events in Latin America in the mid-40s –70s of the last century, of the epoch of the large-scale political conflicts that have played the key role in the development of Latin-American cultures. Besides, in the mid-40s –70s, i.e. in the conditions of the “Cold War”, South America was the arena of the struggle for the spheres of interest between the USA and the USSR. It has to be noted, that the period under study in this research is also characterized by the active phase of the revolutionary movement in South America that brought the left to victory (i.e. socialist) movements in Cuba and Nicaragua. While interpreting this period of the history of Latin America one needs to take into account the characteristic features of the region connected with its specific political culture. Due to the fact that Latin America is the zone of economic interests of the Russian Federation, it is also necessary to analyze the specific features of the region’s economic culture and examine the peculiarities of the economic development of the target countries in the middle of the 20th century.

Objective of the research: a complex research and comprehensive analysis of the cause-and-effect links of the political conflicts in the Latin American region in the mid-40s –70s, interpretation of the phenomenon of the domination of the
characteristic type of political leadership and specific features of the development of the national economy in Latin America.

In conformity with the objective the following concrete **tasks** were worked out:

- to examine the causes, course and effects of the 1953-1959 revolution in Cuba;
- to explore the degree of the impact of the internal and external factors on the specific character of the development of the revolutionary movement in Nicaragua in 1962-1979;
- to analyze the specific features of foreign and home policy of Juan Domingo Perón in Argentina in 1946-1955;
- to analyze the peculiarities of the political and socio-economic development of Bolivia in the period of R. Barrientos Ortuño’s dictatorship in 1964-1969;

**Theoretical and practical significance of the research** is conditioned by the fact that it shows different aspects of the development of the countries of Latin America in the period of the political conflicts in the mid-40s –70s and offers the opportunity to interpret their role in the subsequent development of the Latin American region.

In our view, the main materials of this paper may be useful, in the first place, for students doing History of International Relations, Oriental and African Studies, in the development of student course and graduation papers and in the work on analytical essays, innovative projects and mini-projects in the discipline “History of the countries of Europe and America”, “The History of International Relations in the Recent Time”, “The History of Russian Diplomacy”, “The History of Foreign Policy in Persons”.

**Results of the research:** were interpreted the characteristic features of the development of the countries of the Latin American region in the 40s –70s of the 20th century. The paper is based on the use of the dialectical method which enables
one to analyze the target problem from the contradictory viewpoints which acquires paramount importance with the active use of a plethora of historical sources, whose authors are more often than not the characters from the opposing camps. The diplome work served as a basis for the research innovative project e-almanac “Revolutionary movement in Latin America in the middle of the 20\textsuperscript{th} century” that was successfully approbated at the competition of the projects “Young Science – 2018” and the subsequent commercialization.

**Recommendations:**

1. In the course of further work on this theme it is recommended to analyze in great detail the similarities and dissimilarities of the system of public administration in the countries of Latin America.
2. In the future a comprehensive analysis of the target period of the history of Latin America with the revolutionary movement in the region in 19\textsuperscript{th} – early 20\textsuperscript{th} century is required.