

SUMMARY

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Subject matter: The UN as a universal global security organization.

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The relevance of the research topic due to the fact that, at present, it is the UN that has the main responsibility for maintaining international peace and security. It is also important to analyze the activities of the UN in the settlement of international conflicts and to identify factors that have a negative impact on the effectiveness of UN actions. Today, the solution of problems of a global nature only by state forces is impossible because such circumstances can lead to greater destabilization in the international arena. That is why the UN was created and still exists. Only it is today the world center for the unification of the efforts of the member states in the struggle against the global problems of mankind. However, certain problems related to the role of the UN as a regulator of the world order today require timely solutions. This situation necessitates a study of the international legal aspects of peacekeeping operations, as the main way of implementing UN peacekeeping activities aimed at ensuring international peace and security.

The aim of the research consists in a general theoretical study and understanding of the role of the UN as a universal organization for ensuring global security in the modern world.

Objectives:

- explore the formation and development of the UN as an international organization;
- to consider and analyze the international legal instruments of the United Nations in the context of ensuring international security;
- to identify the main mechanisms for achieving and maintaining international stability and peace in the framework of the UN;
- to consider at the present stage the interaction of the Russian Federation and the United Nations in the context of ensuring global security..

The theoretical and practical value of the research is an attempt to comprehensively study the characteristics of the UN as a universal organization to ensure international peace and security.

The theoretical significance of the study lies in the compilation and systematization of knowledge of the mechanisms and means of the United Nations in the field of peacekeeping, as well as in identifying the problems to be followed up.

The practical value of the study is manifested in the fact that the conclusions and recommendations formulated on the basis of the study can be used to develop the theory of international law and be used in further research in the field of studying UN activities, as well as issues related to ensuring global security.

The results obtained: The UN will expand its impact on world politics. Perhaps all these changes will be directly related to the delegation of authority of the Security Council, or to active interference in the internal affairs of states.

The role of the United Nations is to serve the currently established world order, which is established by strong states. In other words, the UN is a mechanism for making decisions that are significant for the international arena, since it is an organization that provides security and peace.

In addition, it is obvious that the solution of problems of a global nature only by the forces of states is impossible because such circumstances may lead to greater destabilization in the international arena. That is why the UN was created and still exists. Only it is today the world center.

Recommendations: under conditions of cooling relations between Russia and the West, incomplete compliance of Russian doctrines and peacekeeping practices with the UN standards will serve as a convenient excuse for political manipulations and a means of pressure on Russia throughout the entire post-Soviet space. Russia needs to maximize the legitimization of its actions in the UN. The deterioration of relations with the West is not an insurmountable obstacle to limited cooperation in the field of peacemaking.

The first step should be to develop a single national-level document specifying the forms, methods, means and legal basis of peacekeeping operations in which Russia can participate both through the CIS and the organization of the collective security agreement (ODBK), and by the UN. This doctrinal document should define effective mechanisms for interaction between Russian peacekeepers and the UN at the decision-making stage, monitoring subsequent missions and evaluating results.

The second stage should be a consistent struggle within the UN for securing the decisive role of the Security Council in developing criteria for mission success, as well as in the choice of means and time limits for the use of force in specific conflicts. In order to take balanced decisions, it is necessary to envisage that the decisions of the UN Security Council take into account the opinions of various regional policy makers: states, international organizations, public organizations and movements, and expert institutions.